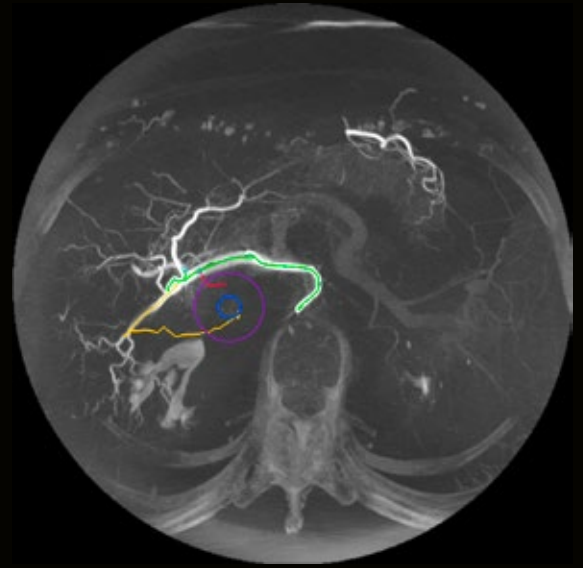


## Study Protocol

# Transarterial chemoembolization of HCC

Oncology



## Case Description

### Patient history

68-year-old female patient

### Diagnosis

Hepatocellular cancer in liver segment 1. Surgery not possible due to heavy liver cirrhosis.

### Treatment

First transarterial chemoembolization (TACE) with TANDEM particles loaded with doxorubicin.

### General comments

A lesion in segment 1 is difficult to see in angiography, therefore *syngo* DynaCT is very helpful to visualize the lesion, as well as the feeding arteries. *syngo* Embolization Guidance was used. Simply marking the lesion allows the application to detect all feeding arteries of the tumor. It was then quite visible that the blood supply came from the right hepatic artery. The segmented vessels were overlaid onto live fluoro for better navigation of the microcatheter.

### Tips & Tricks

For very high image quality of the *syngo* DynaCT acquisition, good patient cooperation and strict breath-hold are crucial.

### Statement

*syngo* DynaCT is often very helpful for the detection of the lesion. *syngo* Embolization Guidance can help to detect the vessel supply, provides 3D overlay, and can support finding the optimal C-arm angulation.

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### Courtesy of

Prof. Florian Wolf, MD;  
Prof. Christian Loewe, MD;  
Allgemeines Krankenhaus Wien –  
Medical University Vienna, Austria

### Supported by

*syngo* Embolization Guidance  
*syngo* DynaCT

### System & Software

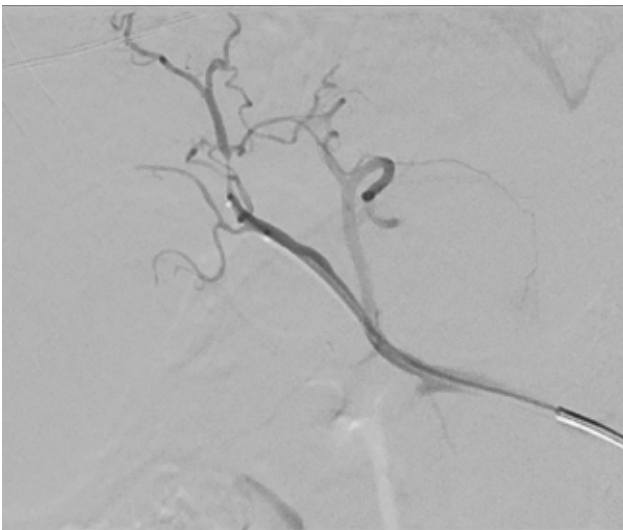
ARTIS icono biplane VE2 with  
*syngo* Application Software VE2

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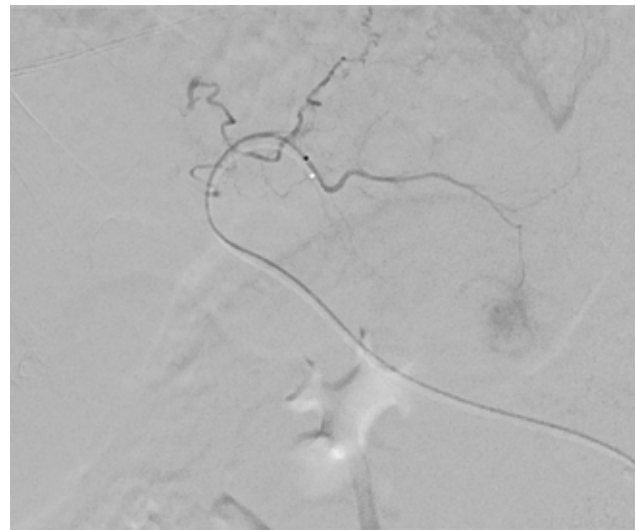
## Protocol

Acquisition protocol	5sDCT Body
<b>Injection protocol</b>	
Catheter position	common hepatic artery
Contrast medium (CM)	300 mg/mL
Dilution	50%
Injection volume	44 mL
Injection rate	4 mL/s
Duration of injection	11 s
X-ray delay	6 s
Power injector used	Yes
<b>Reconstruction</b>	
<b>Primary</b>	
Name	DCT Body Nat Fill
VOI size	Full
Slice matrix	512 x 512
Kernel type	HU
Image characteristics	Normal
Reconstruction mode	Nat Fill
Viewing preset	DynaCT Body

## Clinical Images

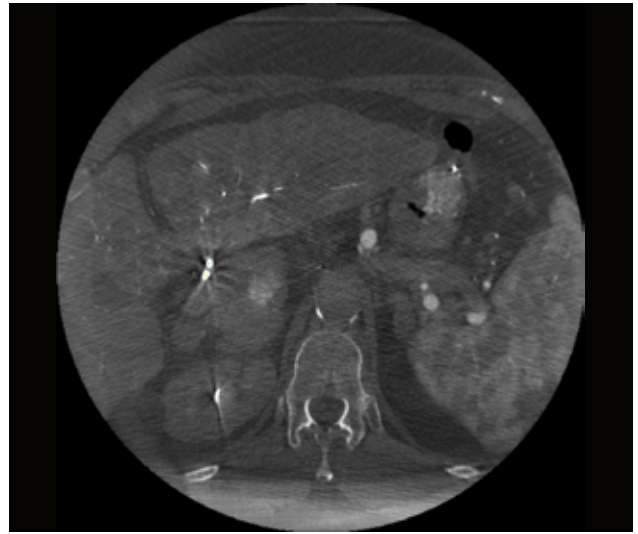
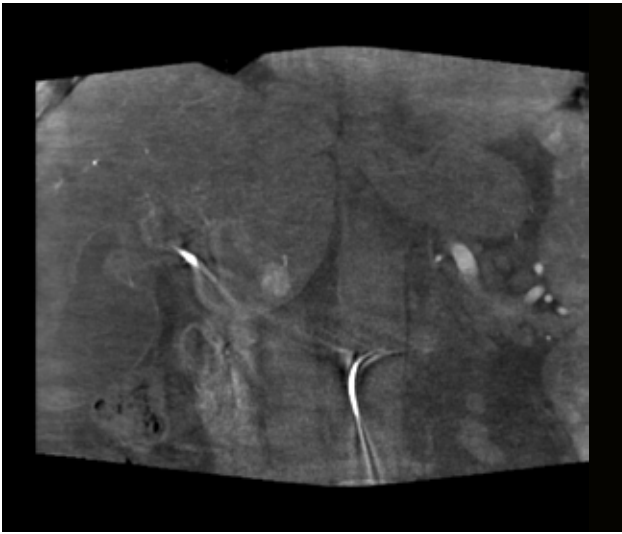


DSA image showing tiny vessel structure

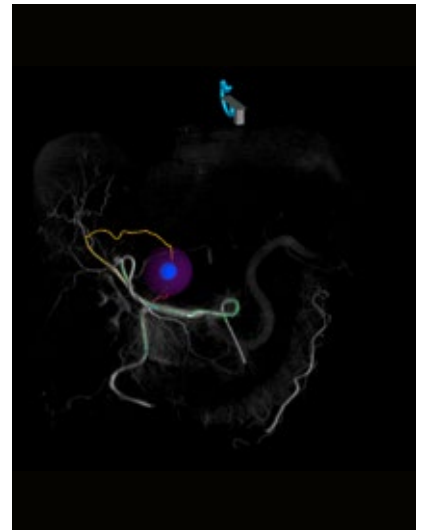
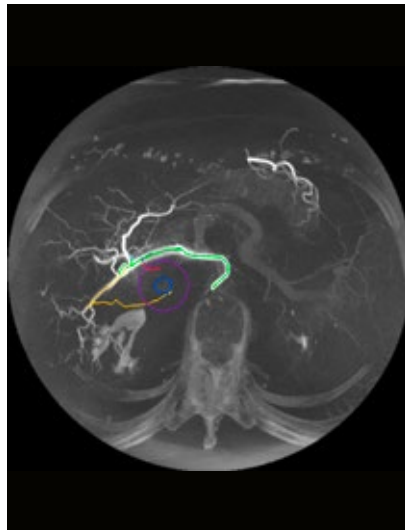
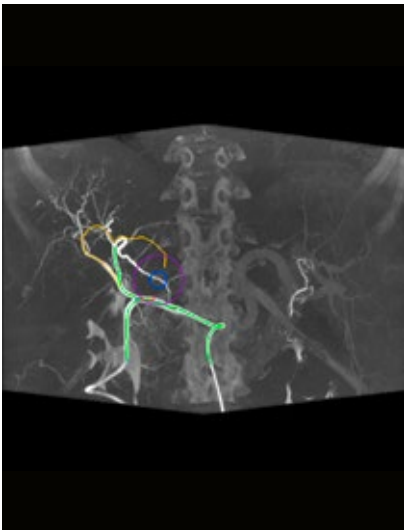


DSA image in treatment position

## Clinical Images



Thin MPRs – Showing hypervascularized lesion in liver segment 1



Thick MPR

Thick MPR

VRT

syngo Embolization Guidance segments feeding vessels to the lesion. Branching vessels can be added manually.

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### Siemens Healthineers Headquarters

Siemens Healthcare GmbH

Henkestr. 127

91052 Erlangen, Germany

Phone: +49 9131 84-0

siemens-healthineers.com

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